

Stakeholder Reflections on the Draft Policy Engagement Guide

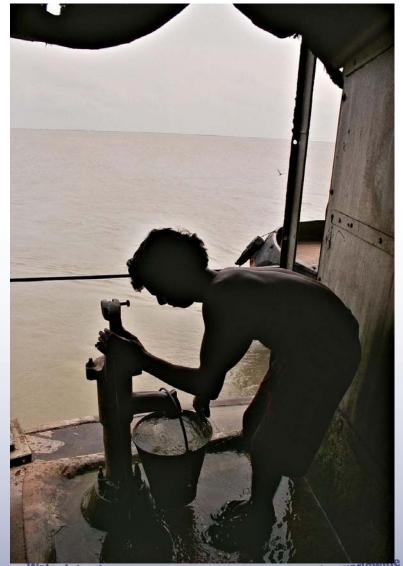
15 April 2010

Sr. Advisor
Transparency International doleary@transparency.org



WIN Objectives

- Promote pro-poor
 Water Integrity
 practice to prevent
 and/or reduce
 corruption in the water
 sector
- Build Water Integrity coalitions at local, regional and global levels



Water Integrity Network: Fighting corruption in water worldwi

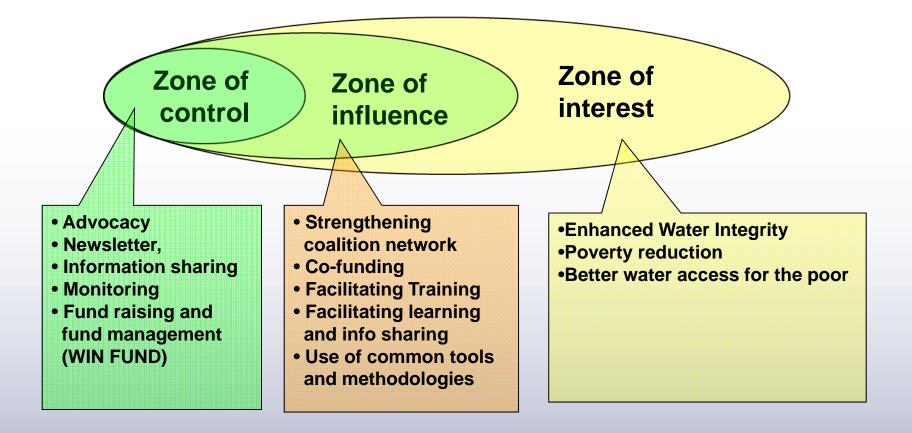


Added Value of WIN

- Filling a gap left by other water sector networks and organizations
- Building important bridges between anticorruption movement and water sector
- Working with other networks, organizations and individuals to tackle corruption: Better quality and more efficient investments



WIN Outreach Model



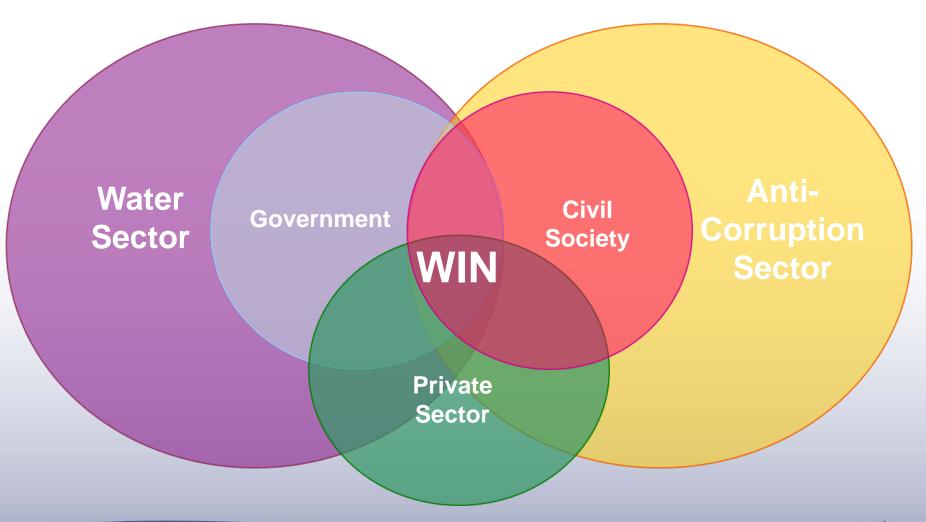


Overall Engagement Strategy

- Leverage partners to increase impact
- I: Partnership Development
 - Global Advocacy
- II: Partnership Action
 - Country Level Engagement



WIN's Position





Country Engagement

- Big WIN flag and small WIN flag
 - Strategic engagement
 - Linkage and leverage partnerships
- Regional and country level engagement via WIN
 - West Africa, Latin America
 - Advocacy, capacity building, regional processes
- Linkage of global to country-based activities



Country-Level: Towards WIN Country-Based Water Integrity Action (2010), Some of Which Have Significant Hydroelectric Resources

- Uganda
- Mozambique
- Benin
- Burkina Faso/WA
- Nigeria
- Ghana

- Mexico
- Colombia
- Bangladesh
- Viet Nam
- Nepal
- Nicaragua/CA



Water Integrity Study Implementation Process

- Key recommendations generated
- Multi-stakeholder validation and adoption workshop
- Action Plan developed
- Multi-stakeholder WIN coalition facilitates implementation of Action Plan
- Monitoring Impact (framework under development now)



Some Relevant Publications

Transparency International, 2008. Global Corruption Report: Corruption in the Water Sector, New York, Cambridge University Press.

Gonzalez de Asis, Maria, Donal O'Leary, Per Ljung and John Butterworth. Improving Transparency, Integrity and Accountability in Water Supply and Sanitation, 2009. Washington, DC, World Bank

Transparency International and the Water Integrity Network, 2010. How to Implement Integrity Pacts in the Water Sector: A Guide for Government Officials.



What is your Overall View of the Guide?

Very Positive

 It facilitates the active involvement of a major stakeholder in the management of water systems

- Relatively Disfunctional Sector
 - More than 1 billion w/o access to clean water
 - 40% of World's population without access to adequate sanitation
- Private Sector
 - Technology
 - Management
 - Finance



Engagement with Water Policy Better Enabling

Business to Contribute to Sustainable Water

- Yes, But... Management?
- Would like to differentiate more clearly private sector involvment in water supply systems and water resources management
- Would like to see more emphasis on continuous improvement of performance
- Performance Indicators
- Ranking of Indicators

Reference: Experience of the Hydro

Sustainability Assessment Protocolet (HSAP) ruption in water worldwide



Outlined in the Guide Align with your

Organization's Needs? Are There Any Major

Omissions or Conflicts in this Respect?

- To a Certain Extent.
- More emphasis on governance/anticorruption
- Partnerships for country based water integrity action and good governance
- Thematic platforms/Tools
- Advocacy and capacity building project partnerships



Are the Principles for Responsible Corporate

Engagement in Water Policy Credible and Complete?

- Yes
- Need some Case Studies to Benchmark Good Practice.



Is the Guide Sufficiently Applicable to Both

Industrialized and Developing Countries?

- Not quite. More work is needed on the typology of countries to define: (a) the scope of the issues to be addressed; and (b) the space where various actors can work productively
 - Botswana
 - Uganda
 - Viet Nam



Policy Capture and/or Other Circumstances where

Corporate Engagement with Water Policy could be

Problematic?

- Would like to see more discussion of promotion of financial sustainability in the water sector, including in urban water utilities
- More examples would be useful.

