

# Conditions for Area-based Water Security in India: Time to Act?

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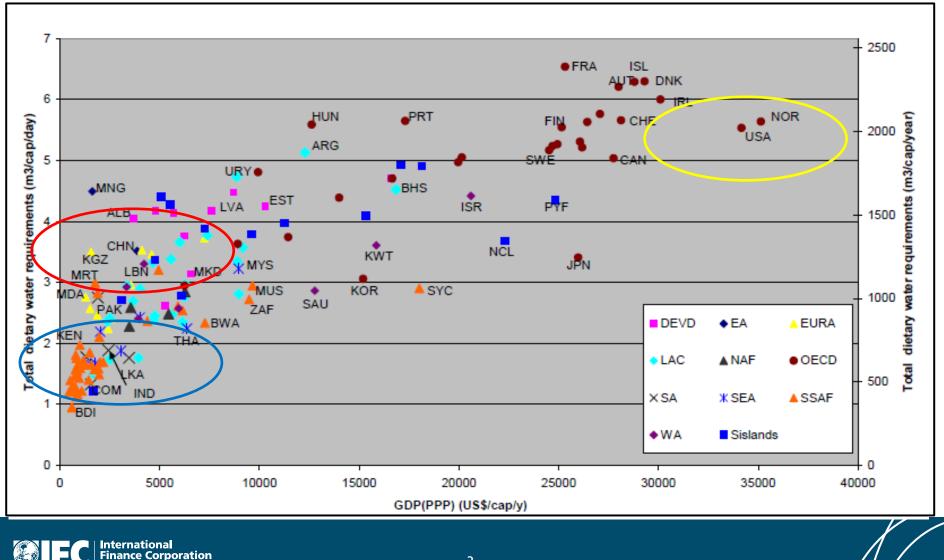
CEO Water Mandate Conference Corporate Water Stewardship Mumbai, 5 March 2013

- I. What is the Problem?
- II. Big Four Barriers
- III. Roadmap for Area-based Water Security



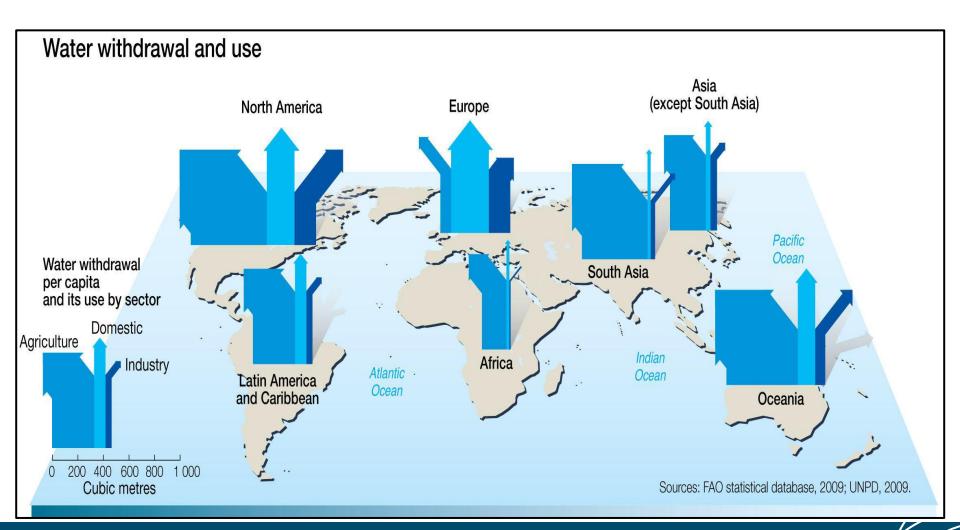
### Dietary water requirements are set to grow exponentially...

India per capita water requirement currently among lowest globally



### Per capita agri-water use near highest of the world...

...yet dietary water use remains one of lowest





### **Groundwater crisis is uncontrolled...**

Rapidly expanding rapidly across Northern, Central and Southern India

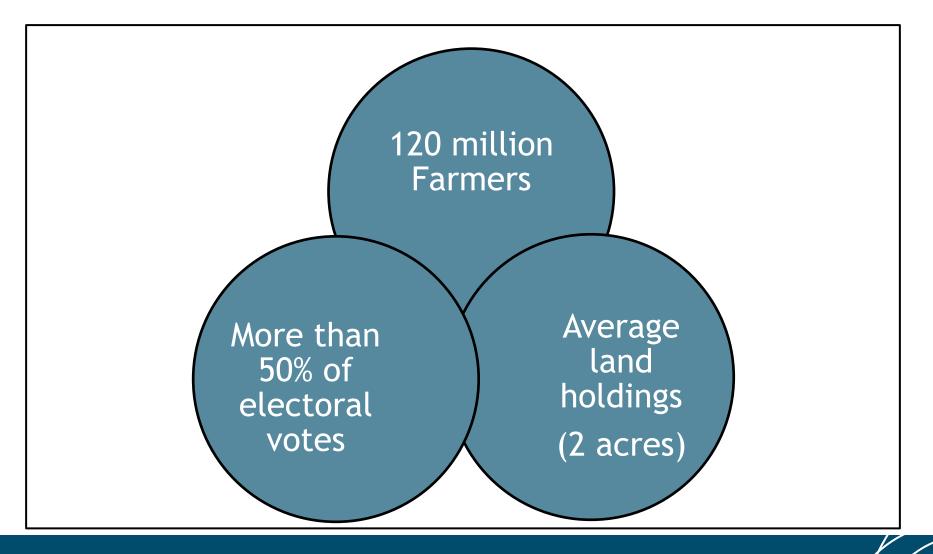
Groundwater Trend by Block in Rajasthan				
No of Block in Category	1984	1988	2001	2008
Over Exploited (>100%)	12	41	86	168
Critical (90% to 100%)	11	26	80	28
Semi Critical (70% to 90%)	10	34	21	20
Safe (<70%)	203	135	49	32

Source: Ground Water Status of Blocks, PHED, GoR (2008 data excludes Taranagar)



# Rural poverty alleviation is the political priority...

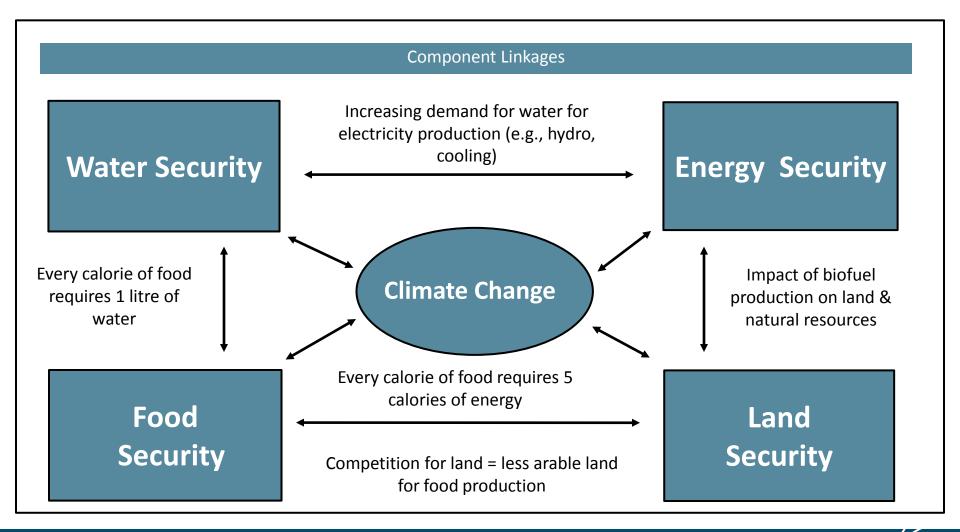
India has 30% of the world's poor, predominantly smallholder famers





# The "Multi Water Nexus" plays out in full in India...

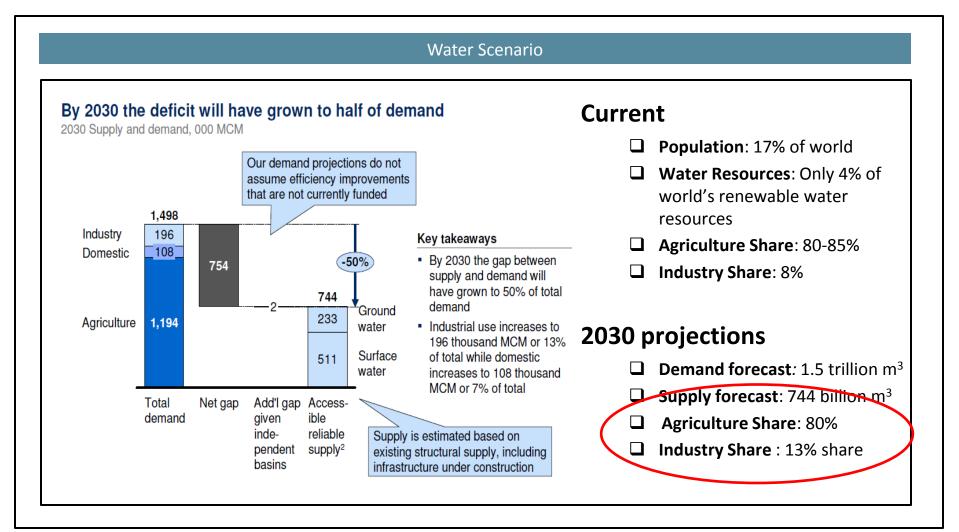
Food-water-energy-land nexus ties together through linkage with climate change





### Water security challenges will escalate in coming years...

India is projected to have a 50% demand-supply deficit by 2030



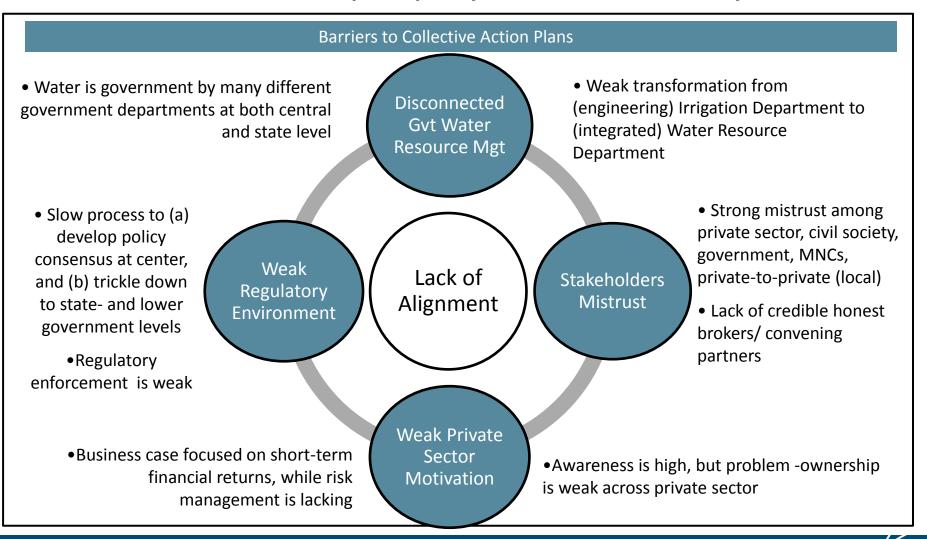


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### Four key barriers restrict participatory WR management

Among India's many challenges, these need to be overcome to create favorable conditions for participatory area-based water security





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- **III.** Roadmap for Area-based Water Security

### Private Sector has to assume leadership...

### Emerging water challenges require scalable solutions with multi-stakeholder involvement

#### Leadership from Private Sector

#### Demand Management

- India is running out of water supply solutions
- Strong need for demandside management, especially in the agrisector using~85% of country's water resources
- •Interventions need to have meaningful hydrological impact
- •Water solutions needs to be equitable and inclusive

#### Private Sector Role

- Inadequate government response to country's water challenges inadequate
- Current private sector responses are segregated, dispersed and not impact full
- Need for development of replicable and scalable models for private sector participation

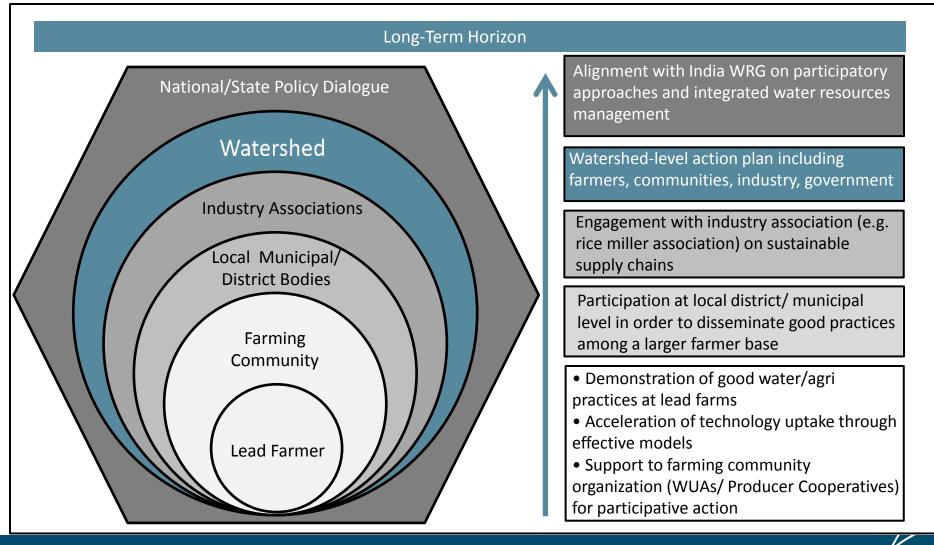
#### Multi-Stakeholder Engagement

• Tangible and measurable impact at the watershed level requires multistakeholder initiatives in geographically concentrated areas



### Central to the solution is farmers' participation...

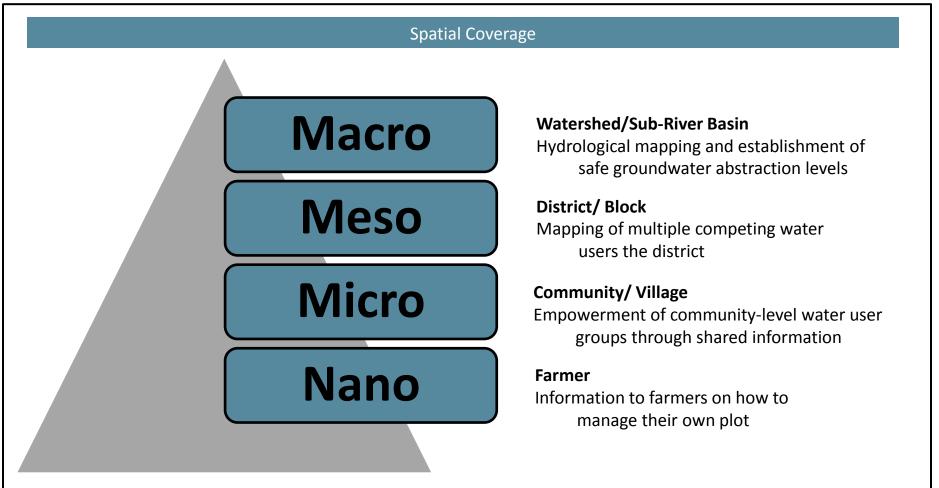
### 10-year vision for sector aims at facilitating watershed-level action in partnership with other stakeholders





# Single information- and decision support system is key...

Consistent hydrological and stakeholder data need to span four levels covering farmer to watershed





# Implementation model is straightforward yet untested in India...

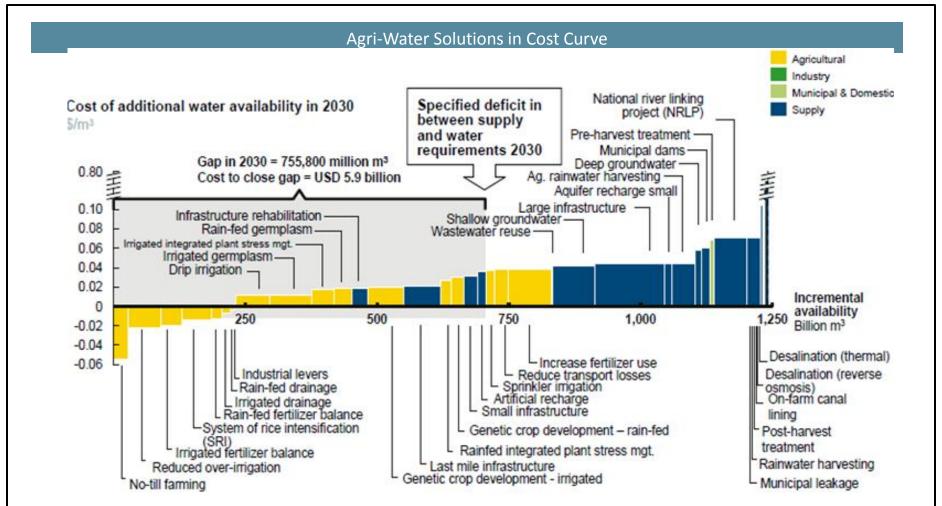
### 'ACT' model developed by WEF/WRG is used at Meso/District/Watershed Level

ACT Model				
Stage	Details	Tools		
Analyze (6-9 months)	<ul> <li>Setting goals and geographical/hydrological boundaries</li> <li>Mobilizing sponsoring partners and resources</li> <li>Applying analytical tools for program area</li> <li>Identifying range of solutions and options</li> <li>Piloting</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Water Availability Cost Curve (WRG)</li> <li>Water Footprint Assessment of key water users/stakeholders (WFN)</li> <li>Integrated baselining, monitoring &amp; field advisory (eg. eLEAF)</li> </ul>		
Convene (3-6 months)	<ul> <li>Consulting stakeholders on range of options</li> <li>Developing collective action plan</li> <li>Mobilizing implementation partners and resources</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>PPD – Public Private Dialogue (IFC IC)</li> <li>Action Hub (CEO Water Mandate)</li> </ul>		
Transform (24- 36 months)	<ul> <li>Governance (steering committee, roles &amp; responsibilities)</li> <li>Monitoring &amp; Evaluation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Farmer Production Training (IFC)</li> <li>Agri Tech Service Providers (IFC)</li> <li>Rural service hub (eg Tata Kisan Sansar)</li> </ul>		



# Using fact-based analytics – eg Water Cost Curve, WFAs...

Agri-Water levers represent majority of demand-side solutions to close supply-demand deficit

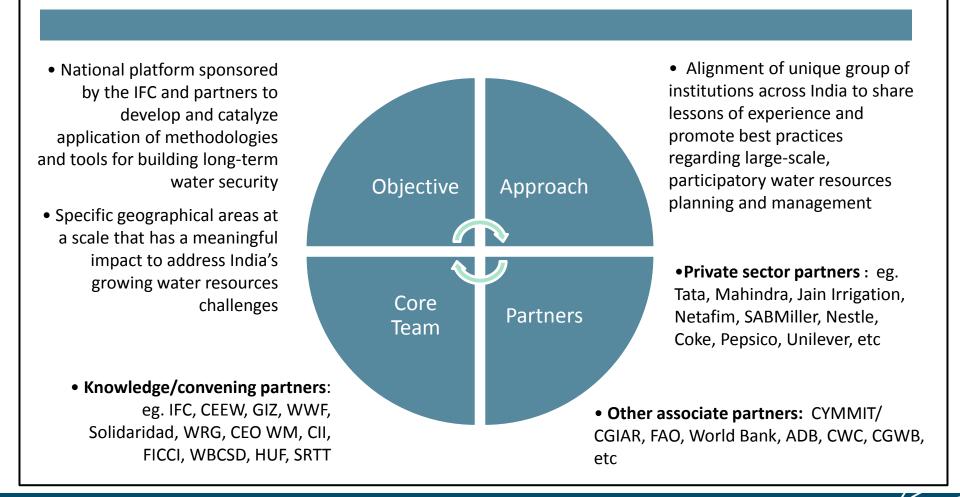


SOURCE: 2030 Water Resources Group



# National platform is needed for sharing knowledge and experiences regarding area-based water security...

Overarching goal centers on bringing sustainable farming to a critical mass of farmers in a geographically concentrated area





### THANK YOU

